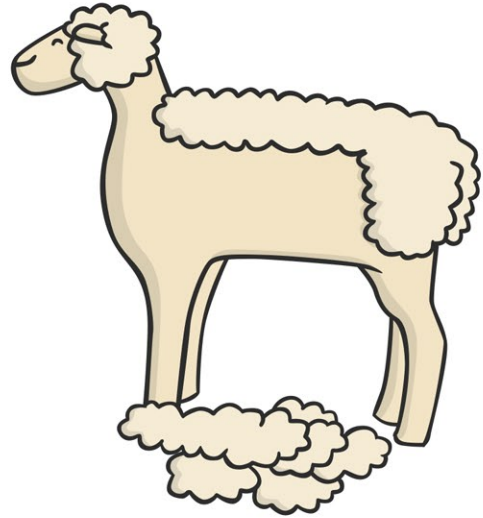
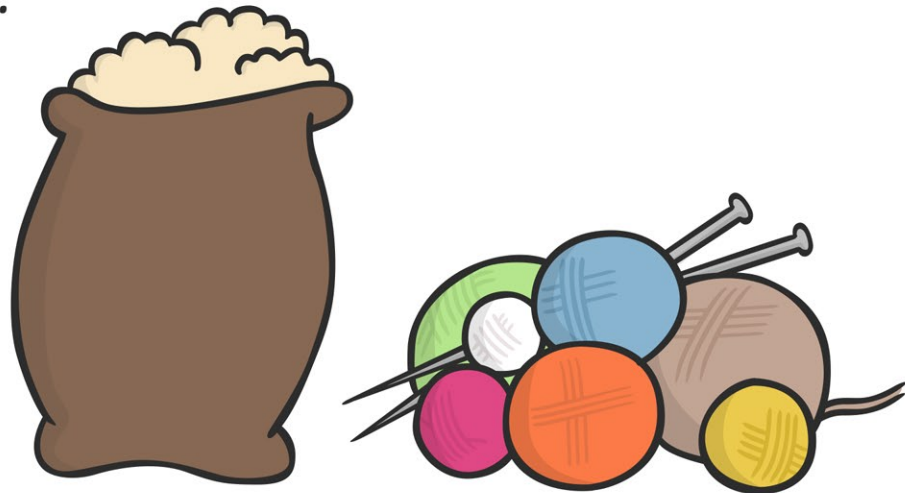


Sheep - Wool

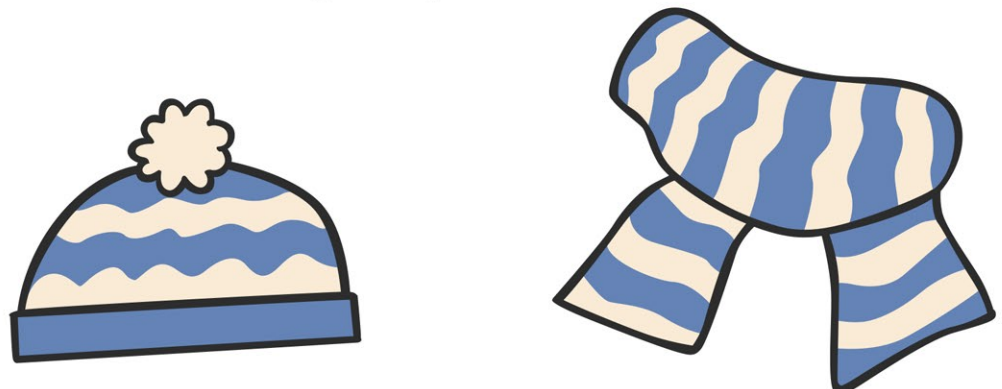
1. Sheep are sheared.



2. The wool is gathered and then spun into wool.

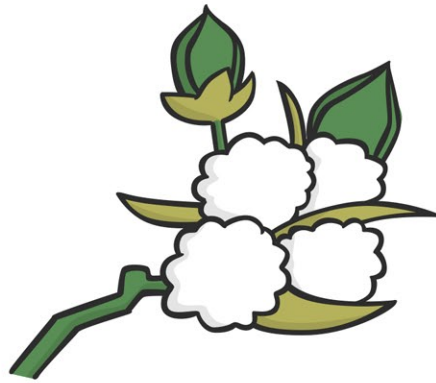


3. Wool can be knitted to make clothes such as hats, scarves and jumpers.

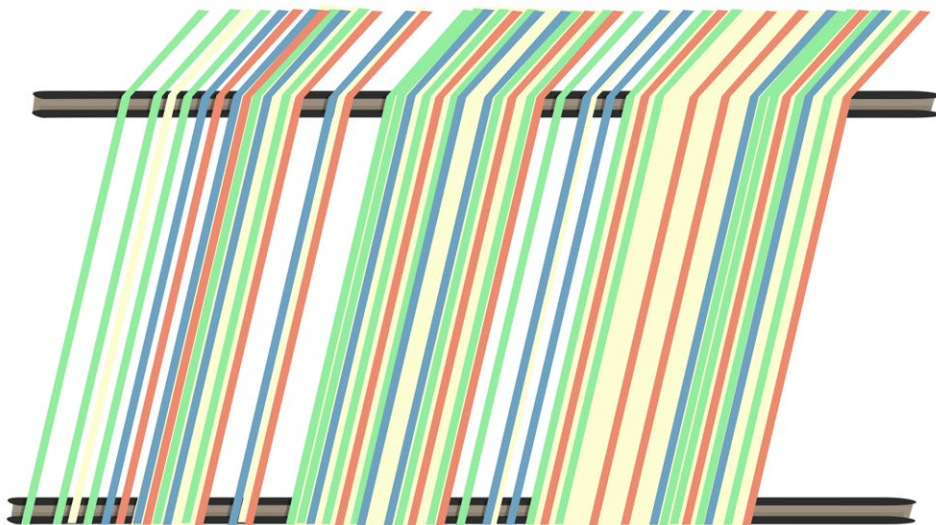


Cotton

1. Cotton grows on a cotton plant which is then picked and spun into a thread.



2. This thread is then woven together to make fabric which is cut out and sewn together to make clothing.

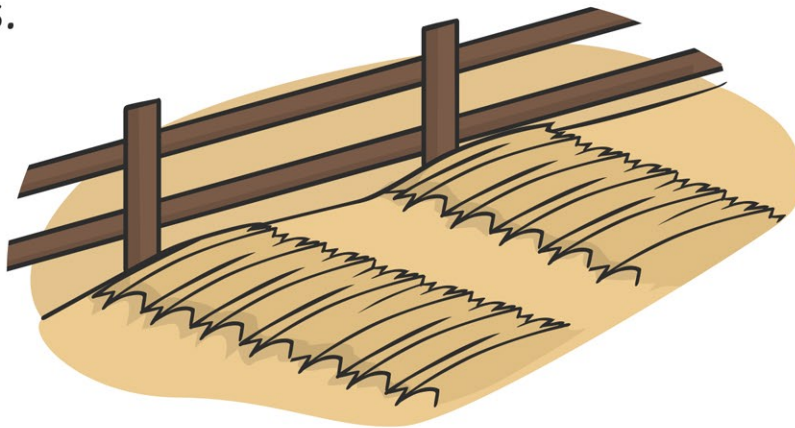


Linen

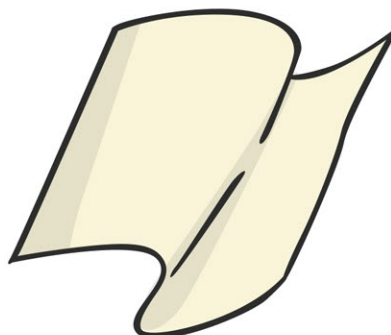
1. Linen flax is harvested and then threshed to get rid of all the seeds.



2. Next is the retting. This is where the inside of the flax fiber is left to rot away to leave the outer fiber. After this the rough straw is scraped away using combs.

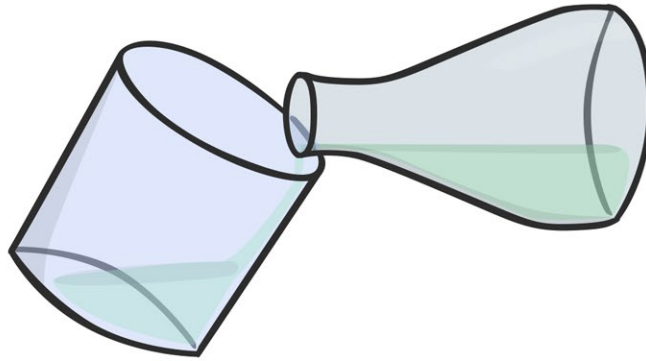


3. What is left over is then spun to make linen.

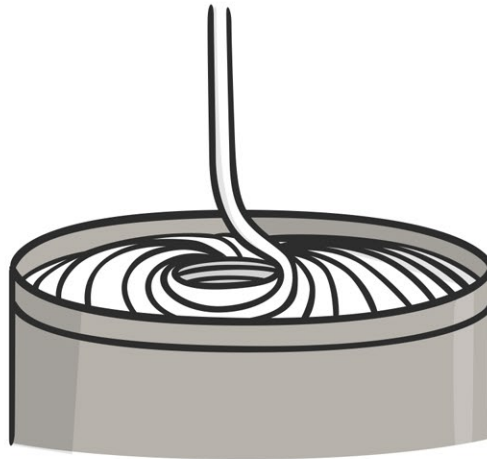


Nylon

1. Nylon is made by mixing chemicals together which are heated up.



2. The nylon comes out of the machine in ribbons and as it cools it hardens.



3. This is turned into nylon thread which is woven into sheets of fabric which our clothes are made of.

